

# User's Guide OKIFAX 5750/5950

Chapter L Material Safety Data Sheet

Material Safety Data Sheet

## OKIFAX 5700/5750/5900/5950 Dual Line Toner, P/N 40815606 - MSDS #58336401

For more information, contact Okidata at:

OKI DATA 2000 Bishops Gate Blvd. Mount Laurel, NJ 08054

#### **Emergency Information:**

Call 1-800-OKIDATA (1-800-654-3282), U.S. and Canada only

#### **Emergency First Aid Procedures**

#### **Toner swallowed (ingested)**

Dilute by giving two glasses of water and induce vomiting by administering Syrup of Ipecac (follow manufacturer's instructions). Seek medical attention. NEVER give anything by mouth or attempt to induce vomiting in a person who is unconscious.

#### **Toner inhaled**

Remove person to fresh air. Seek medical attention.

#### Toner gets in the eyes

Flush eyes with large quantities of cool water for 15 minutes, keeping the eyelids open with fingers. Seek medical attention.

Small amounts of toner on skin or clothing can easily be removed with soap and cold water. Hot water makes toner harder to remove.

#### **Hazardous Ingredients**

Styrene-Butyl Acrylate Copolymer (91% by weight) CAS# 25767-47-9

OSHA TWA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust

**Carbon Black (5-7% by weight)** CAS# 1333-86-4 OSHA TWA 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> ACGIH TLV 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Polypropylene (less than 3% by weight)** CAS# 9003-07-0 OSHA TWA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust

## ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust

## Amorphous Fumed Silica (less than 1% by weight)

CAS# 67762-90-7 OSHA PEL 15.0 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust ACGIH TLV 10.0 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust

## This product is not regulated under Section 313 of SARA, Title III.

## **Physical Data**

Melting Point: 110°C (230°F) Boiling Point: Not applicable Vapor Pressure: Not applicable Vapor Density (Air=1): Not applicable Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not applicable Specific Gravity (H 2 O=1): 1.15 Solubility in water: Negligible Appearance and odor: Black granules, no odor

## Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used): Not applicable

#### Flammable Limits

Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable
Upper Explosive Limit: Not applicable
Extinguishing Media: Water, CO<sub>2</sub>, Dry Chemical, or Foam
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not use methods that may create a dust cloud, such as high pressure water and/or steam Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

- Organic components decompose at 200-455°C (392-851°F).
- Material may explosively combust when finely suspended in air.
- Thermal decomposition of organic components may result in release of oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

## Health Hazards Data

## Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion, Eyes, Skin.

#### **1 Styrene-Butyl Acrylate Copolymer**

Subcutaneous implantation of polymeric styrene powder in rats has induced tumors at the site of implantation.

#### 2 Carbon black

(Group 2B "Possible Carcinogen"; IARC)

Overexposure to carbon black is associated with causing irritation, conjunctivitis, and corneal hypoplasia of the eyes; minor irritation and eczema of the skin; and irritation and bronchitis. Long-term inhalation exposure may be associated with causing lung cancer.

## **3** Polypropylene

(Group 3 "Not Classifiable"; IARC) Subcutaneous implantation of polypropylene powder in rats has induced tumors at the site of implantation.

## 4 Amorphous Fumed Silica

(Group 3 "Not Classifiable"; IARC)

Overexposure to amorphous silica has been associated with causing irritation of the lungs and pneumoconiosis. Long-term inhalation exposure may be associated with producing tumors in laboratory animals.

#### **Reactivity Data**

Stability: Stable
Polymerization: Will not occur.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition may result in release of oxides of carbon and nitrogen.
Temperature: Do not expose to temperatures above 200°C (392°F).
Incompatibility: Avoid exposure to strong oxidizers.

#### **Spill Cleanup and Disposal**

#### **Spill Cleanup**

#### **Small Spills**

**1** Remove sources of ignition.

2 Clean up spill with wet cloth.

#### Large Spills

1 Remove sources of ignition.

2 Wear protective gear: respirator, rubber gloves, goggles (see below)

3 Clean up spill with scoop, being careful not to generate a lot of dust.

## Waste Disposal

Follow appropriate federal, state and local regulations.

#### Safe Handling and Use

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. For large spills, use NIOSH-approved full face-piece respirator with HEPA cartridge during cleanup.

**Protective Gloves and/or Eye Protection:** Not normally required. For large spills, use rubber gloves and chemical worker's goggles during cleanup.

Ventilation: Outside of normal ventilation, not normally required.

## Other Protective Equipment and/or Hygienic Practices: None

#### **Special Precautions**

Precautions for Handling or Storage: Protect from high heat. Avoid making dust.

## **Other Precautions:** None

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