

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

Product Name : Black Toner for KM-1505, 1510, 1810  
Relevant identified uses: Toner for electrophotographic equipments  
Manufacturer  
Name : KYOCERA Document Solutions Inc.  
Address : 2-28, 1-Chome, Tamatsukuri, Chuo-ku Osaka 540-8585, Japan  
Supplier  
Name : KYOCERA Document Solutions Europe B.V.  
Address : Bloemlaan 4, 2132 NP Hoofddorp, The Netherlands  
Telephone Number : +31(0)20-6540000

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Most Important Hazards : Not classified as dangerous. (Directive 1999/45/EC)  
Specific Hazards : None  
Other Information on Hazards: Potential Health Effects  
Ingestion : Use of this product as intended does not result in ingestion of toner.  
Inhalation : Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.  
Use of this product as intended does not result in prolonged inhalation of excessive toner dusts.  
Eye Contact : May cause transient eye irritation.  
Skin Contact : Unlikely to cause skin irritation.

### 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance or Mixture ; Mixture

Ingredients ;

Chemical Name(Common Name)	CAS No.	Weight %
Styrene acrylate copolymer (3 kinds)	Confidential	80-90
Carbon black	1333-86-4	10-15
Wax	Confidential	1-5

Information of Ingredients:

PBT or vPvB substance under Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: None

Substance listed in Candidate List of SVHC for Authorisation under Regulation (EC) No  
1907/2006: None

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#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

- Inhalation : Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.  
Consult a doctor in case of such symptoms as coughing.
- Skin Contact : Wash with soap and water.
- Eye Contact : Flush with water immediately and see a doctor if irritating.
- Ingestion : Rinse out the mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.  
Seek medical treatment if necessary.

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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Extinguishing Media : Water (Sprinkle with Water), Foam, Powder, CO<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical  
Extinguisher
- Fire-Fighting Procedure : Pay attention not to blow away toner powder. Drain water off around  
and decrease the atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

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#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal Precautions : Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental  
toner release.
- Environmental Precautions: Do not release into drains and surface water.
- Method for Cleaning Up : Gather the released toner not to blow away and wipe up with a wet  
cloth.

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#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling : Never open the toner container.
- Storage : Keep the toner container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark  
place keeping away from fire. Keep away from children.

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters<Reference Data>:

- ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA : Inhalable fraction 10mg/m<sup>3</sup>, Respirable fraction 3mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Carbon black 3.5mg/m<sup>3</sup>
- OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA : Total dust 15mg/m<sup>3</sup>, Respirable fraction 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Carbon black 3.5mg/m<sup>3</sup>
- DFG-MAK : Inhalable fraction 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Protective Equipment : Respiratory protection, eye protection, hand protection, skin and body protection are not required under normal use.  
Ventilation : Ventilator is not required under normal use.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Physical state: Solid      Form: Fine powder      Color: Black      Odor: Odorless  
pH : Not applicable  
Melting Point : 130 °C  
Explosion Properties : Dust explosion is improbable under normal use.  
Experimental explosiveness of toner is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder according to the pressure rising speed.  
Density : 1.0-1.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Solubility : Almost insoluble in water

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability/ Reactivity : Stable under normal use.  
Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity : (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg  
(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)  
Acute dermal toxicity : (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg  
(Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)  
Acute inhalation toxicity : (rat)LC<sub>50</sub>(4hr) >5.03mg/l  
(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)  
Acute eye irritation : (rabbit) Minimal irritant  
(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)  
Acute skin irritation : (rabbit)Non-irritant  
(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)  
Skin sensitisation : (guinea pig)0% sensitisation rate  
(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)  
Mutagenicity : Ames Test is Negative.  
(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)

Information of Ingredients: No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity:

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity :

Information of Ingredients: No carcinogen or potential carcinogen, (except carbon black) according to IARC, Japan Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA,OSHA,NTP, MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS 905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated carbon black as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity. <sup>(4)</sup> The evaluation of carbon black is based upon the development of lung tumors in rat receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black at level that induce particle overload of the lung.

The studies performed in animal models other than rats have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-years cancer bioassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association between toner exposure and tumor development in rats. <sup>(1)</sup>

Chronic effects:

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration(16mg/m<sup>3</sup>) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle(4mg/m<sup>3</sup>) exposure group. <sup>(1)</sup> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest(1mg/m<sup>3</sup>) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other information : None

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not attempt to incinerate the toner container or unit and the waste toner yourself.

Dangerous sparks may cause burn.

Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN No. : None  
UN Shipping Name : None  
UN Classification : None  
UN Packing Group : None  
Special Precautions : None

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### EU Information

Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC.

Symbol and Indication : Not required  
R-Phrase : Not required  
S-Phrase : Not required  
Special markings : Not required  
Hazardous ingredients for labeling: None

### US Information

All ingredients in this product comply with order under TSCA.

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

### <Reference>

- (1) • Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H.Muhle et.al  
Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)
  - Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B.Bellmann  
Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans,  
Vol.93
  - ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products
  - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

2010 TLVs and BEIs (Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices)

OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration (29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart Z)

TWA : Time Weighted Average

IARC : International Agency for Research on Cancer

(IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans)

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (Integrated Risk Information System) (USA)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (Report on Carcinogens) (USA)

MAK: Maximale Arbeitsplatz-Konzentrationen (List of MAK and BAT Values 2011)

(DFG: Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft)

Proposition 65: California, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

TRGS 905: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

(EC) No. 1272/2008 Annex VI Table 3.2: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) Annex VI Table 3.2

UN: United Nations

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)