

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

IBM CORPORATION
NEW ORCHARD ROAD
FOR EMERGENCY SOURCE INFORMATION
24 HOURS CONTACT 1-800-426-4333

ARMONK, NEW YORK 10504 INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY NUMBER

U.S.A. 303-739-1111

NAME: IBM Infoprint Color 1220 Black Toner Cartridge **IBM Part Numbers:** 53P9356, 53P9360, 53P9364, 53P9368

IBM Material Reference Number: 940098800

TRADE NAMES/SYNOMYMS: IBM 4920 Black Toner Cartridge, Toner, EP Cartridge

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Toner

PRODUCT USE: Replacement toner print cartridge for the IBM Infoprint Color 1220 printer,

4920 Machine Type

CREATION DATE: 31 December 2001 **REVISION DATE:**

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

TONER

COMPONENT: Polyester Resin

CAS NUMBER: (1)(2) PERCENTAGE: 70-80

COMPONENT: Copolyester Polymer 561

CAS NUMBER: (1)(3) PERCENTAGE: 10-20

COMPONENT: Carbon black CAS NUMBER: 1333-86-4

PERCENTAGE: 3-6

COMPONENT: Polyethylene CAS NUMBER: 9002-88-4

PERCENTAGE: <3

COMPONENT: Amorphous Silica (modified)

CAS NUMBER: (1)(4) PERCENTAGE: 2-6

COMPONENT: Charge Control Agent

CAS NUMBER: (1)(5) PERCENTAGE: <2.5

(1) Trade Secret or Patented Molecule

(2) New Jersey Trade Secret Registration Number 80100451-5020

(3) New Jersey Trade Secret Registration Number 80100451-5019

(4) New Jersey Trade Secret Registration Number 80100451-5015

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(5) New Jersey Trade Secret Registration Number 80100451-5018

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EC CLASSIFICATION (CALCULATED): Not determined. EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CARBON BLACK:

LOW HAZARD FOR RECOMMENDED USE AND HANDLING: Black powder with a slight odor. Carbon black has been classified as an IARC 2B (possible human) carcinogen. May cause respiratory tract or skin irritation. May form flammable or explosive dust-air mixtures. Avoid chronic pulmonary exposures to dust. Avoid exposure to eyes, skin or clothing (will stain). Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Toner is contained in cartridge. Exposure potential includes incidental inhalation of toner dust and possible minimal skin contact during cartridge change. There is no evidence that toner is absorbed through the skin.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Toner on skin or mucous membranes (mouth, eyes, or nose).

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: None known at intended levels of use. Exposure to high airborne dust concentrations, including toner, may aggravate existing respiratory conditions.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: As with most finely divided dusts, an explosion is possible when extremely high concentrations of dust and an ignition source are present. Not a hazard under normal conditions of use.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

INHALATION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: Testing and/or information on this or similar toners, or on the constituents of this toner indicate low inhalation toxicity. As with exposure to high concentrations of any dust, minimal respiratory tract irritation may occur if excessive amounts of toner dust are inhaled. Exposure not probable with intended use.

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: No adverse chronic effects known at expected level of use. Exposure not probable with intended use.

CARBON BLACK: Potential risk of irreversible pulmonary effects. Chronic exposure is not expected when this product is used as intended.

SKIN CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: Testing and/or information on this or similar toners, or on the constituents of this toner indicate this toner is not a skin irritant and is of low dermal toxicity. Toner is not a dermal sensitizer. Exposure not probable with intended use.

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: Rare individuals may note skin rash with repeated contact. Exposure not probable with intended use.

EYE CONTACT:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: Toner may act as mechanical irritant. Exposure not probable with intended use.

LONG TERM EXPOSURE: No adverse chronic effects known. Exposure not probable with intended use.

INGESTION:

SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: Testing and/or information on this or similar toners, or on the constituents of this toner indicate low oral toxicity. Exposure not probable with intended use.

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LONG TERM EXPOSURE: No adverse chronic effects known. Exposure not probable with intended use.

CARCINOGEN STATUS:

IARC: Y (Carbon Black)

In 1996 the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) reevaluated carbon black as a Group 2B carcinogen (possible human carcinogen), based upon the development of lung tumors in rats receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black. The effects were observed only in animals exposed to high concentrations of carbon black at levels that induce particle overload of the lung. Studies performed in animal models other than rats have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-year cancer bioassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association between toner exposure and tumor development in rats.

Epidemiology studies of workers in the carbon black producing industries of North America and Western Europe do not demonstrate an association between carbon black and cancer, even in high exposure occupational settings. In addition, in its reevaluation of carbon black, IARC concluded that "there is *inadequate evidence* in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black". Chronic overexposure to many dusts, including carbon black dust, may result in respiratory tract irritation and slight changes in pulmonary function. Collectively, the available animal data and human epidemiology studies suggest that carbon black, as contained in this product, does not present a cancer risk to the end user if the handling and personal protective measures contained within this MSDS are understood and followed.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If symptoms, such as shortness of breath or persistent coughing are experienced, remove source of contamination and move individual to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area with soap and water. Should irritation occur, seek medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Do not rub eyes. Flush immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

INGESTION: If conscious, immediately wash mouth out with plenty of water. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION: Like many finely divided materials, toner dust in high concentrations can form an explosive mixture in air which, if ignited, could result in a dust explosion.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO₂, water spray or fog, dry chemical or foam.

FIRE FIGHTING: NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus may be required if a large number of cartridges are involved.

FLASH POINT (METHOD): Not applicable

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LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not applicable UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not applicable AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: CO, CO₂, and low molecular weight organics.

Avoid breathing smoke.

EXPLOSION DATA: See Conditions of Flammability and Explosion

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT: Not available

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: See Conditions of Flammability and Explosion

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

OCCUPATIONAL SPILL: If a dust cloud is possible due to spills involving a large number of cartridges, remove all sources of ignition such as open sparks, flames or static discharge to prevent the ignition of the dust. Minimize dust generation during clean up. Sweep up spill with nonmetallic broom and dustpan. Contain for disposal. To avoid possible dust explosion, do not use vacuum cleaners to clean up spills. Oil permeated sweeping compound may assist in the cleanup of toner spilled on nonporous surfaces.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store away from oxidizing materials. When handling, minimize generation of dust. Supply adequate ventilation. To avoid damage to cartridge and accidental contact with toner- keep out of reach of small children. Store in cool dry place.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

CARBON BLACK:

3.5 mg/M³ OSHA TWA PEL (total dust measured as carbon black)

3.5 mg/M³ ACGIH TWA TLV - ACGIH A4 - Not classifiable as a human

carcinogen (Proposed addition 1995-1996) (total dust measured as

carbon black)

3.5 mg/M³ NIOSH recommended 10 hour TWA

0.1 mg/M³ NIOSH recommended 10 hour TWA (in the presence of polycyclic

aromatic hydrocarbons)

Measurement method: Particulate filter; gravimetric; (NIOSH III # 5000).

Remainder of Ingredients Listed in Section 1:

OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV specific workplace limits have not been established.

In Canada, consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

VENTILATION: Mechanical room ventilation is recommended.

RESPIRATOR: None required for intended use in printer.

EYE PROTECTION: None required for intended use in printer.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: None required for intended use in printer.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: None required for intended use in printer.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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PHYSICAL STATE: Cartridge contains toner, finely divided black solid material with plastic

like odor

ODOR AND APPEARANCE: See above

BOILING POINT: Not applicable **FREEZING POINT:** Not available **VAPOR PRESSURE:** Not applicable **VAPOR DENSITY:** Not applicable

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.2

WATER SOLUBILITY: Insoluble **VOLATILITY:** Not applicable

PH: Not applicable

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available **EVAPORATION RATE:** Not applicable

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not available

PRESSURIZED (Y/N): N

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Ignition sources in combustible atmospheres of toner dust and

throwing toner into an open fire.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CO, CO₂ and other unidentified organics.

POLYMERIZATION: This product will not polymerize.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CARBON BLACK:

TOXICITY DATA: >10 gm/kg oral-rat LD₅₀ (EM Science MSDS); 120 mg/kg intravenous-rat LD₅₀ (THIDD6).

CARCINOGEN STATUS:

Human Data: Epidemiological studies of workers in carbon black producing industries of North America and Western Europe show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black. Early studies performed in the former USSR and Eastern Europe report respiratory disease among workers exposed to carbon black, including: bronchitis, pneumoconiosis, emphysema, and rhinitis. These studies are of questionable validity due to inadequate study design and methodology, lack of appropriate controls for smoking tobacco, and other confounding variables such as exposures to carbon monoxide, coal oil, and petroleum vapors. Furthermore, review of these studies indicates that work environment concentrations of carbon black were considerably greater than current occupational exposure standards. In its Monograph Volume 65, issued April 1996, IARC reevaluated carbon black and concluded that "there is *inadequate evidence* in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black".

Animal Data: Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats exposed experimentally, for long periods of time, to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several other fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e. mice, hamsters) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Many researchers conducting rat inhalation toxicity studies believe that these effects most likely result from the massive accumulation of fine dust particles in the lung, which overwhelm the lung clearance mechanisms, resulting in "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than from a specific chemical effect associated with the dust particles in the lung.

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Many inhalation toxicologists believe that the tumor response observed in the referenced rat studies is species-specific and does not correlate to human exposure. However, the IARC reevaluation in Volume 65 concluded that "there is *sufficient evidence* in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black". Based upon this reevaluation, IARC's overall evaluation is that "carbon black is *possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group-2B)*".

Carbon black has not been listed as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), nor the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

LOCAL EFFECTS: Irritant - inhalation, skin.

ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL: Slightly toxic by ingestion.

TARGET EFFECTS: Toxic overexposure may affect the respiratory system, the heart, skin

and mucous membranes.

AT INCREASED RISK FROM EXPOSURE: Persons with certain pre-existing upper respiratory disorders, such as bronchitis or asthma.

PRODUCT DATA:

ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL: Not acutely toxic: LD_{50} (oral, rat) and LC_{50} (inhalation, rat) expected to be >5000mg/kg, based on data from similar toners.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: Not expected to be chronically toxic. Industry tests on similar generic toner showed no signs of overt toxicity. Rats exposed to high levels of toner showed a chronic inflammatory response and a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis. There were no pulmonary changes of any type at the lower toner exposure level, which is most relevant in regard to potential human exposures. Pure carbon black, a minor component of this toner, has been listed by IARC as a group 2B (possible carcinogen) based on rat "lung particulate overload" studies. Toner is not listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT RATING (0-4): Not available

ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY: Not available

DEGRADABILITY: Not available

LOG BIOCONCENTRATION FACTOR (BCF): Not available

LOG OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If discarded, this product is not a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material has been contaminated and should be classified as a hazardous waste. Disposal is subject to local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This product is not regulated as a hazardous material under current U.S. DOT.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

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All ingredients are registered under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) have been registered, or are exempt.

All ingredients are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemicals Substances (EINECS) list, have been registered on the European List of New Chemical Substances (ELINCS), or are exempt.

This product is a "manufactured article" and is exempt from the new substances provisions of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. All ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), have been registered on the Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) or are exempt. WHMIS Classification - "Manufactured article" therefore, product is exempt under WHMIS.

All ingredients are listed in the Australian Inventory of Commercial Substances (AICS), have been registered, or are exempt.

All ingredients are listed on the Japanese Existing Chemicals List (ENCS), have been registered, or are exempt.

All ingredients are listed on the Korean Existing Chemicals List (ECL), have been registered, or are exempt.

This product contains no known materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm - California Proposition 65

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

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